Union Calendar No. 264

112TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 1864

[Report No. 112-386]

To limit the authority of States to tax certain income of employees for employment duties performed in other States.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 12, 2011

Mr. Coble (for himself and Mr. Johnson of Georgia) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

February 3, 2012

Additional sponsors: Mr. Franks of Arizona, Mr. Ross of Florida, Mr. Gowdy, Mr. Chaffetz, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Boren, Mr. Crenshaw, Mr. Rooney, Mr. Jordan, Mr. Quayle, Mr. Forbes, and Ms. Jackson Lee of Texas

February 3, 2012

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of the introduced bill, see bill as introduced on May 12, 2011]

A BILL

To limit the authority of States to tax certain income of employees for employment duties performed in other States.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. 4 This Act may be cited as the "Mobile Workforce State Income Tax Simplification Act of 2011". SEC. 2. LIMITATIONS ON STATE WITHHOLDING AND TAX-7 ATION OF EMPLOYEE INCOME. 8 (a) In General.—No part of the wages or other remuneration earned by an employee who performs employment duties in more than one State shall be subject to income 10 tax in any State other than— 12 (1) the State of the employee's residence; and 13 (2) the State within which the employee is 14 present and performing employment duties for more 15 than 30 days during the calendar year in which the 16 wages or other remuneration is earned. 17 (b) Wages or Other Remuneration.—Wages or other remuneration earned in any calendar year shall not 18 be subject to State income tax withholding and reporting 19 requirements unless the employee is subject to income tax
- 22 and reporting requirements under subsection (a)(2) shall 23 apply to wages or other remuneration earned as of the com-

in such State under subsection (a). Income tax withholding

- 24 mencement date of employment duties in the State during
- 25 the calendar year.

21

1	(c) Operating Rules.—For purposes of determining				
2	an employer's State income tax withholding and reporting				
3	requirements—				
4	(1) an employer may rely on an employee's de-				
5	termination of the time expected to be spent by such				
6	employee in the States in which the employee wil				
7	perform duties absent—				
8	(A) the employer's actual knowledge of				
9	fraud by the employee in making the determina-				
10	$tion; \ or$				
11	(B) collusion between the employer and the				
12	employee to evade tax;				
13	(2) except as provided in paragraph (3), if				
14	records are maintained by an employer in the regular				
15	course of business that record the location of an em-				
16	ployee, such records shall not preclude an employer's				
17	ability to rely on an employee's determination under				
18	paragraph (1); and				
19	(3) notwithstanding paragraph (2), if an em-				
20	ployer, at its sole discretion, maintains a time and				
21	attendance system that tracks where the employee per-				
22	forms duties on a daily basis, data from the time and				
23	attendance system shall be used instead of the employ-				
24	ee's determination under paragraph (1).				

1	(d) Definitions and Special Rules.—For purposes
2	of this Act:
3	(1) DAY.—
4	(A) Except as provided in subparagraph
5	(B), an employee is considered present and per-
6	forming employment duties within a State for a
7	day if the employee performs more of the employ-
8	ee's employment duties within such State than
9	in any other State during a day.
10	(B) If an employee performs employment
11	duties in a resident State and in only one non-
12	resident State during one day, such employee
13	shall be considered to have performed more of the
14	employee's employment duties in the nonresident
15	State than in the resident State for such day.
16	(C) For purposes of this paragraph, the
17	portion of the day during which the employee is
18	in transit shall not be considered in determining
19	the location of an employee's performance of em-
20	ployment duties.
21	(2) Employee.—The term "employee" has the
22	same meaning given to it by the State in which the
23	employment duties are performed, except that the
24	term "employee" shall not include a professional ath-

lete, professional entertainer, or certain public figures.

25

- 1 (3) Professional athlete.—The term "profes2 sional athlete" means a person who performs services
 3 in a professional athletic event, provided that the
 4 wages or other remuneration are paid to such person
 5 for performing services in his or her capacity as a
 6 professional athlete.
 - (4) Professional entertainer" means a person who performs services in the professional performing arts for wages or other remuneration on a per-event basis, provided that the wages or other remuneration are paid to such person for performing services in his or her capacity as a professional entertainer.
 - (5) CERTAIN PUBLIC FIGURES.—The term "certain public figures" means persons of prominence who perform services for wages or other remuneration on a per-event basis, provided that the wages or other remuneration are paid to such person for services provided at a discrete event, in the nature of a speech, public appearance, or similar event.
 - (6) EMPLOYER.—The term "employer" has the meaning given such term in section 3401(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 3401(d)), unless such term is defined by the State in which the

employee's employment duties are performed, in
which case the State's definition shall prevail.
(7) State.—The term "State" means any of the
several States.
(8) Time and attendance system.—The term
"time and attendance system" means a system in
which—
(A) the employee is required on a contem-
poraneous basis to record his work location for
every day worked outside of the State in which
the employee's employment duties are primarily
preformed; and
(B) the employer uses this data to allocate
the employee's wages for income tax purposes
among all States in which the employee performs
employment duties for such employer.
(9) Wages or other remuneration.—The
term "wages or other remuneration" may be limited
by the State in which the employment duties are per-
formed.
SEC. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.
(a) Effective Date.—This Act shall take effect on
January 1 of the 2d year that begins after the date of the

 $24\ \ enactment\ of\ this\ Act.$

- 1 (b) Applicability.—This Act shall not apply to any
- 2 tax obligation that accrues before the effective date of this
- 3 *Act*.

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